

St. Dunstan's Red and White

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Editorial

Farewell

The time is fast approaching when our class will be a thing of memory and the past. It is difficult to explain and describe the feeling of sorrow which affects us as we perceive the parting of the ways. We seniors of the *Red and White* staff regretfully lay aside our duties and wish our successors the best of luck in making the magazine next year better than ever. It has been a pleasure and also a good training to serve on the staff, and we recognize this very clearly now. We thank all the staff members for their cheerful co-operation and kindly aid during the past year.

With regard to the contributors to the *Red and White* we must echo the cry of complaint which editors have made in the past, for these contributors have been too few by far. On the part of some students it is sloth not lack of ability and on the part of others either diffidence or modesty which prevents them from helping their maga-



Red and White Staff, 1932-33

Standing—J. L. O'Connor (Chronicle); J. A. McGuigan (Funny Man); J. P. Callaghan (Asst. Bus. Mgr.); J. M. MacAulay (Exchanges);
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M. J. McQuaid (Jungle).

zine by contributing. Those who have won Literary D's this year we congratulate, and the others we advise to keep on trying because rejections do not always mean that one's work is faulty but often that it needs a little more polish and experience.

The college magazine is one of the main arteries through which the material which gives stimulus to the students' life at college flows. All we ask is that the *Red and White* be kept at or elevated above its present standard in the years to come. This magazine should be the pride and the object of much care to all the students for we may call it the clearing house of the students' literary contributions. So, congratulating and thanking everyone who had a share in the publication of this year's *Red and White* we say farewell and sorrowfully lay aside our editorial pen.

Germany and the Jews

The recent anti-Semitic campaign waged in Germany which has aroused a feeling of indignation throughout the world, has brought to light the fanatic idea of racial inferiority and hatred which the civilization of the last century endeavoured to obliterate.

In the rise of Hitler's party to power in Germany, its spokesmen appealed to racial and religious animosities as the easiest way of obtaining votes. The Nazis were urged to look with hatred and contempt upon races, who were not purely Aryan. They gave vent to their feelings especially against the Jews who were accused of being unpatriotic because of their affiliations with their own people in other countries. Because the Jews had more than their share, on a basis of population, of the positions in the higher professions, they were reckoned as the parasites of humanity, the leeches which batten upon the noble Nordic blood.

With this doctrine firmly implanted in the minds of the Nazis, it is not surprising that Hitler's victory, in the Reichstag elections, was followed by a series of outbreaks against the Jews.

It is difficult to obtain an impartial view of the proceedings of the Nazis after the elections, due to the fact that the government controlled the press and censored all matter relating to the conduct of the new power; moreover, the stories told by the Jews who fled from Germany

were greatly exaggerated. Foreign newspapers magnified these reports, and assimilated the cruelties with the atrocities which were reported to have been practised by Germany during the World War.

An editorial in the *Frankfurter Zeitung* declared that the outside world had formed a wrong conception of the situation in the same way as it had misunderstood German public opinion since the war. It admitted there had been excesses in some places, but it would be false to generalize on such cases. Besides, the outrages against the Jews were the work of unauthorized Nazis organizations, and were not to be imputed to the new government or Hitler because he declared that strict orders had been given to the Nazis that there should be no more such acts of violence. Moreover, the Central Jewish Federation had been assured that all Jewish citizens loyal to the government would have the protection of the law for person and property.

However true this article may have been, the reports that reached the outside world were met with a feeling of indignation, and international action and retaliations were sought. Up to the present such intervention produced the reverse of the effects intended. For foreign interference in the way of boycotting German goods was counteracted by more severe measures against the Jews, the confiscation of property, dismissal of Jews from office, regulations limiting the attendance at schools and colleges, prohibitions of marriages between Jews and Germans, and many other drastic measures, which aimed especially at those who were instrumental in propagating Jewish atrocities.

The German government declared that such a line of action was purely defensive, and that it was the duty of every German to use all possible means to disseminate the truth to the outside world.

The outcome has yet to be ascertained. We know these alleged outrages found sympathy with other nations, and may lead to further complications. On the other hand Hitler has the greater part of the German people under his power, and they are ready and willing to obey the commands of this man who has destroyed the inferiority-complex that has been growing in Germany for fourteen years. We can get a glimpse of this revived spirit from one of his speeches in which he said: "Remember you are the greatest people on the earth, the finest re-

representatives of the Aryan race that God Almighty intended should rule the world. Obey me absolutely, and your day will come as surely as tomorrow's sun."

We know that the same spirit pervaded Germany before the Great War. It is hoped this is not a prelude to a similar struggle. But, however fortuitous may be the conjecture, Hitler's rise to power has caused anxiety in not only the governments seats of Europe but in every important world capital.

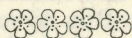
The winners of Literary D's this year in literary competition (members of the *Red and White* staff and former winners are ineligible) are:—

For the best short story—Neil E. Trites.

For the best essay—Robert Cain.

For the best article—James Horgan.

We heartily congratulate the above winners and hope more will try for D's next year.



A thing of beauty is a joy forever;
Its loveliness increases, it will never
Pass into nothingness.

—Keats.

Standing, with reluctant feet,
Where the brook and river meet,
Womanhood and childhood fleet.

—Longfellow.

Old friends are best. King James used to call for his old shoes; they were easiest for his feet.—*John Selden*.

Silence in love betrays more woe
Than words, though ne'er so witty;
A beggar that is dumb, you know,
May challenge double pity.

—Sir Walter Raleigh.